Acetylcholine Deficiency Related Symptoms and Conditions

For those with an acetylcholine nature, or others who are experiencing an acetylcholine deficiency, the early warning signs of deteriorating health are related to loss of thought: physically you experience sensory loss, and mentally you've lost your enthusiasm for life and may become forgetful. The brain is the generator of half of the body's energy signals. When the brain slows down, so does the entire body. This can show up in your body in a variety of ways and can affect any of the four major domains of brain function.

An acetylcholine deficiency can cause any of these symptoms:

Physical Issues

AgitationDry CoughInability to recognize objectsAlzheimer's diseaseDry MouthInflammatory disordersAnxietyDyslexiaInvoluntary movementsArthritisEye DisordersMultiple sclerosisAutismFat CravingsOsteoporosis

Cholesterol elevation Frequent bowel movements Reading/writing disorders
Decline in sexual ability Glaucoma Rigidity or flaccidity
Diabetes Hypoarousal Slowness of movement
Difficulty urinating Inability to carry out motor commands Speech problems

Personality Issues

Bipolar disorder Hysterical behavior
Calculation errors Mood swings
Changes in personality and language Rule breaking

Memory Issues

Learning disorders Memory disturbance
Loss of immediate visual and Memory lapses
verbal memory

Attention Issues

Attention problems Impaired abstract thinking and judgment

Difficulty concentrating Impaired creativity

Diminished comprehension

Of all the natures, brain functional impairment due to deficiency is most apparent in acetylcholine natures. Yet diagnoses are often made and treatments recommended without an adequate assessment of the neurotransmitter responsible for these symptoms